VERNON JUBILEE HOSPITAL

PHYSICIAN SOCIETY Reducing Redundant Laboratory Testing in Interior Health - 2023 Update -

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Present lab test ordering in IH

- MDs manually write orders on paper (with the exception of RIH ER)
- Orders are manually entered into Meditech by unit clerks
- MDs may enter any order repeating at any interval of their choice
- If the MD does not cancel repeating orders, such orders can unintentionally repeat in perpetuity until discharge or death of patient
 - Potential waste of resources
 - Potential of iatrogenic anemia

Present lab test ordering in IH

- Redundant laboratory testing is widely perceived as pervasive, but quantitation remains elusive
- In the literature, numerous attempts to curtail redundant laboratory testing have not documented sustained results
- Educational efforts directed at changing MD practice have demonstrated a 25% or smaller decrease in lab test ordering, but such decreases are transient

Various remedies proposed in the literature



Temporally restricting recurrent lab The resting

The repeat order expires after a pre-defined time



Computerized provider order entry (CPOE) in Meditech

MD enters the lab test orders directly into Meditech



CPOE with clinical decision support (CDS) in Meditech

Pop up windows direct lab test ordering, based upon previous ordering

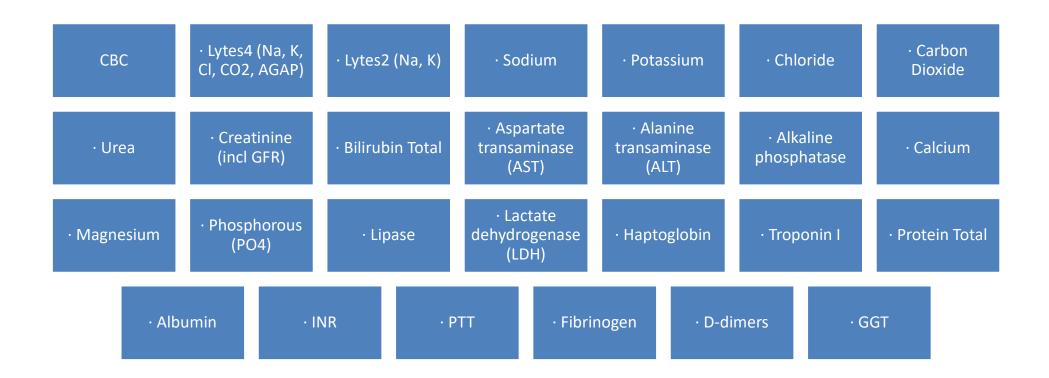
- "Reducing unnecessary inpatient laboratory testing in a teaching hospital"
 - May T, et al. Am J. Clin Pathol.
 126:200-206. 2006
 - San Francisco General Hospital
 - Multidisciplinary committee proposal to limit phlebotomy-laboratory test requests to occur singly or to recur within one 24 h window
 - Any laboratory order would expire at 24 h

- Parameters agreed to at SFGH:
 - Single order valid for a single occurrence only
 - Orders for multiple serial testing within a 24 h period would remain valid within the 24 h window
 - Serial phlebotomies limited to q 4, 6 or 12 h
 - Serial phlebotomies performed by ward personnel ordered as single one-time only events
 - MD orders spanning >24 h would not be honored
 - Orders entered for future days orders valid only for that occurrence or ensuing 24 h period

- Anticipated problems in implementation:
 - Lack of MD consensus on temporal windows
 - Anecdotally, agreement seems possible
 - Lack of IT support
 - IH IT is stretched lacks the resources to assist
 - Lack of Meditech capabilities
 - Meditech cannot place temporal restrictions on lab ordering at one site in IH – all of IH or none
 - Amplifies the problems of obtaining consensus among even more physicians and services

- Potential for rapid implementation at VJH:
 - Consensus among VJH MDs is achievable – fewer people and familiarity among staff
 - Unit clerks (at least at VJH) allegedly had a gatekeeping function – they are aware of and maintain restrictions on certain orders
 - Utilization of VJH unit clerks to enforce the agreed-upon lab ordering rules
 - Analysis of lab utilization before and after implementation to assess degree of success

Inpatient Lab Tests Restricted to 3 days recurrent



Evolution of Timeline

Research: commenced summer 2016

Initial Information:

- Meditech already set up for recurrent orders to expire after 3 days, but unit clerks were manually extending the orders indefinitely every 3 days (shown later to be erroneous)
- Education: unit clerks were told not to manually extend 3-day orders

Implemented: December 2016 (VJH only)

Evolution of Timeline

Preliminary results after 3 months

• Lab utilization actually increased slightly

Re-assess after 12 months (Dec 2017)

- Became apparent that Meditech was NOT set up for recurrent orders to expire after 3 days
- Unit clerks were NOT manually extending the orders at all, ever (we were provided with incorrect information)

So, now it is mid 2018 and nothing has been accomplished.....

Evolution of Timeline

Work commenced in partnership with Andi Kyle (Lab IMIT IH) to place the 3-day limit on recurrent orders ("series orders") in Meditech (late 2018)

Meditech is re-tooled (late 2019)

SARS-CoV-2 completely disrupted hospital inpatient utilization (Mar 2020)

Implementation delayed until hospital inpatient utilization normalized

Evolution of Timeline (VJH only)

No temporal restriction on recurrent orders (<June 16, 2020)

Meditech changes implemented (June 16, 2020)

Lab utilization followed after 1 year (July 2021)

Data compilation completed (May 2022)

Percentage of Orders for Recurrent Lab Testing > 3 Days (VJH only)

Δ 3.5 3 2.5 2 1.5 0.5 0 Hectrowess creatinine Fibrinogen Haptoglobin PTIMP Electrolytes SA Total protein TotalBill Or GGI POAS ALT AST Cal× Drdimer Alburnin MB2* 2ª Ured "." All Phos ŕ× 80 Ċ, 43

% of Orders > 3 Days Before Limiting Series Orders to 3 days (May 31, 2019 to May 31, 2020)
 % of Orders > 3 Days After Limiting Series Orders to 3 days (July 01, 2020 to July 01, 2021)

Reducing Redundant Lab Testing VJH - 2019 - 2021

Statistical Analysis

- Wilcoxon signed rank test (non-parametric)
 - W value: 41.5
 - Mean difference: 0.57
 - Z value: -2.935
 - Mean (W): 138
 - Standard deviation (W): 32.88
 - Sample size (N): 23
 - p-value: 0.00328
 - Results are significant at p<0.05

Conclusions

Setting a 3-day maximum for so-called "series orders" (repeating a lab test for 3 consecutive days and not more) resulted in a statistically significant reduction in inpatient lab testing over a 2-year time span (1 year prior and 1 year following the change in policy) at the Vernon Jubilee Hospital site.



Moving Forward

- Expand the rules to apply to inpatients for all of IH and for outpatient lab testing IH-wide
- Apply restrictions on ordering other repeat testing
 - Serum protein electrophoresis (not more than q 4 weeks)
 - TSH (not more than q 3 months)